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THE TENTH INTERNATIONAL COMMAND AND CONTROL RESEARCH AND TECHNOLOGY SYMPOSIUM

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The Challenge of Moving From Performance Based Logistics to An Operational Logistics Framework

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OUTLINE

- Take Aways
- Why Value Chains Objective
- Edges and Constraints
- Model and Joint/Services Unified Task Lists
- Countering Constraints and Gaps
- Measurement Hierarchy Framework
- Realworld Components To Solve ECOGs
- Framework Examples and Discussion
- Summary and Discussion

TAKE AWAYS

- Challenged to Adjust and Transform QDR, DoD 5000, JCIDS, and NDS
- Deliver Capabilities to The Warfighters as Value Chain
- Opportunities for Better Flow Through All Components and Partners
- Tools and Methods are Available and Being Used
- Opportunities to Leverage Other Sources and Ideas
- Developing Larger Understanding of Flow to Address Edges, Challenges, Opportunities, and Gaps (EGOGs)
- Can Assist in the Transition to National Security Personnel System

WHY VALUE CHAIN - OBJECTIVE

 Seamless Flow of Materials and Product as Resource Flow

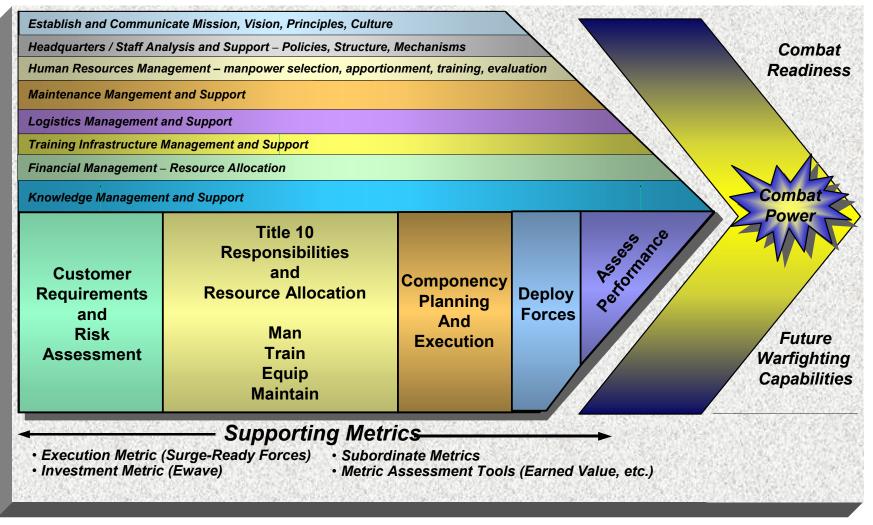
"In order to lower this cost [static inventory], logistics and transportation providers are investing in faster and more efficient shipping, aviation, rail, and trucking fleets; constructing seamless chains; consolidating distribution networks; upgrading tracking, communication, and database technologies. This "value-chain inventory opportunity" is a powerful driver of the transportation and logistics revolution."

Beyond Border Control, Foreign Affairs, Flynn (Nov/Dec 2000)

NUMEROUS CALLS FOR TRANSFORMATION AND IMPROVED ALIGNMENT

- Paying Attention to the MAIN THING -

Tools and Metrics Fleet Forces Value Chain Enterprise Mission



Customers: COCOMS and CNO

TWO VIEWS OF EDGES - CONSTRAINTS

Power to the Edge – Alberts & Hayes

"Power to the edge is about changing the way individual, organizations, and systems relate to one another and work. Power to the edge involves the empowerment of individuals at the edge of the organization (where the organization interacts with its operating environment) or, in the case of systems, edge devices. Empowerment involves expanding access to information and the elimination of unnecessary constraints. For example, empowerment involved providing access to available information and expertise and the elimination of procedural constraints previously needed to deconflict elements of the force in the absence of quality information." (Emphasis in source.)

TWO VIEWS OF EDGES - CONSTRAINTS

 FMFM-1 – Interfaces and Weak Points – Grey, Commandant USMC

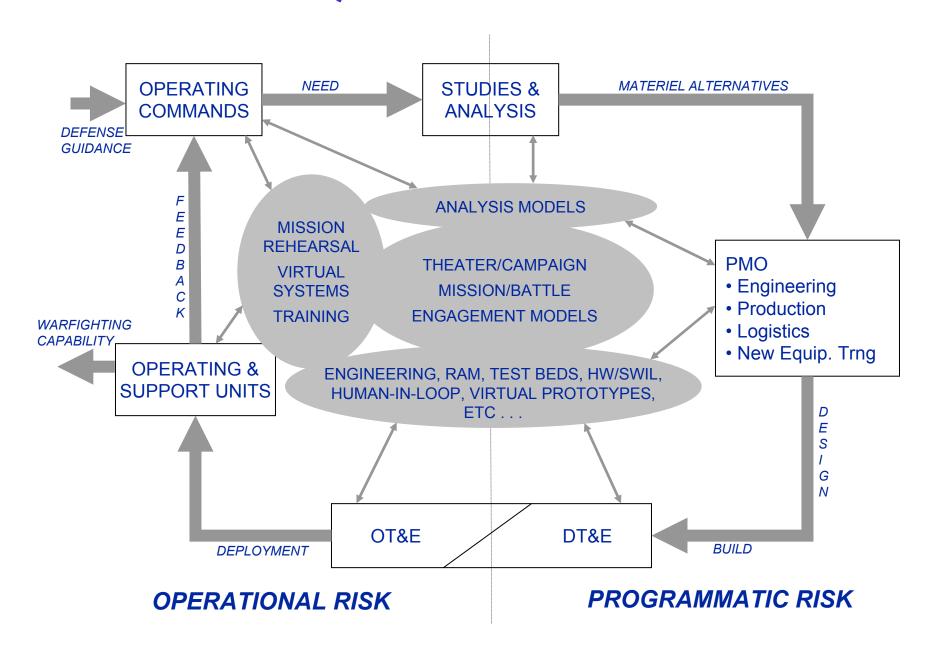
"we should focus our efforts against a critical enemy vulnerability. Obviously, the more critical and vulnerable, the better. But this is by no means an easy decision, since the most critical object may [N]ot be the most vulnerable. In selecting an aim, we thus recognize the need for sound military judgment to compare the degree of criticality with the degree of vulnerability and to balance both against our own capabilities. Reduced to the simplest terms, we should strike our enemy where and when we can hurt him most." (Emphasis in source.)

DELIVERY OF MISSION WARFIGHTING CAPABILITIES PACKAGES AND COMBAT POWER IN ALL FORMS

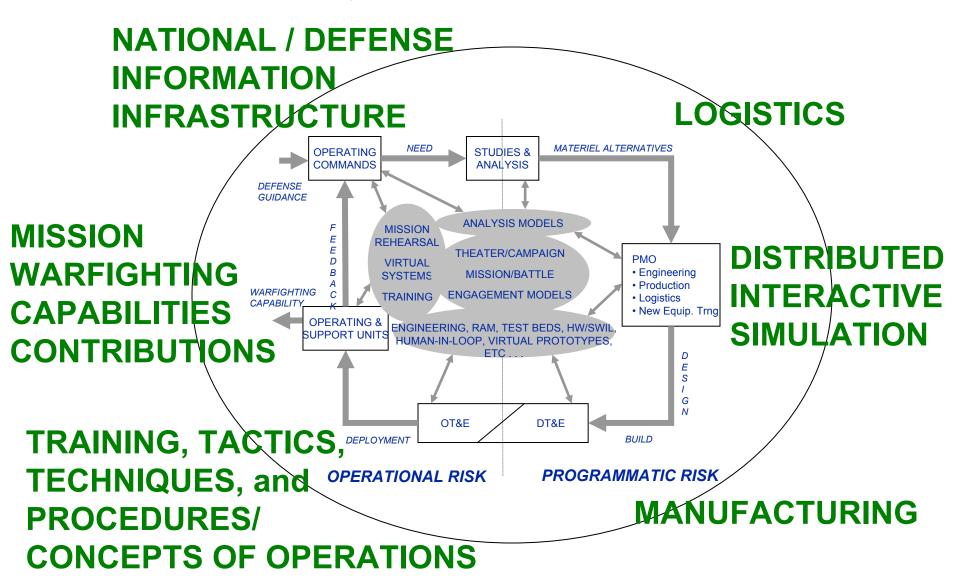
MODEL & JOINT SERVICES TASK LISTS

- Systems Acquisition to Operational Logistics
- Universal Joint Task List
- Services Task Lists (Naval, Army, and Air Force)
- Doorway to Edges, Challenges,
 Opportunities, and Gaps (ECOGs)

SYSTEMS ACQUISITION PROCESS CYCLE

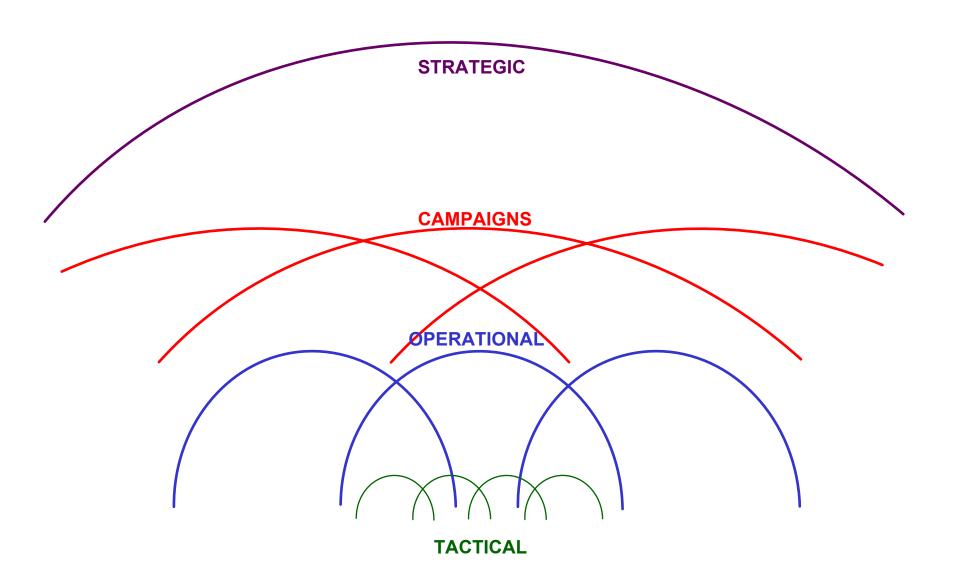


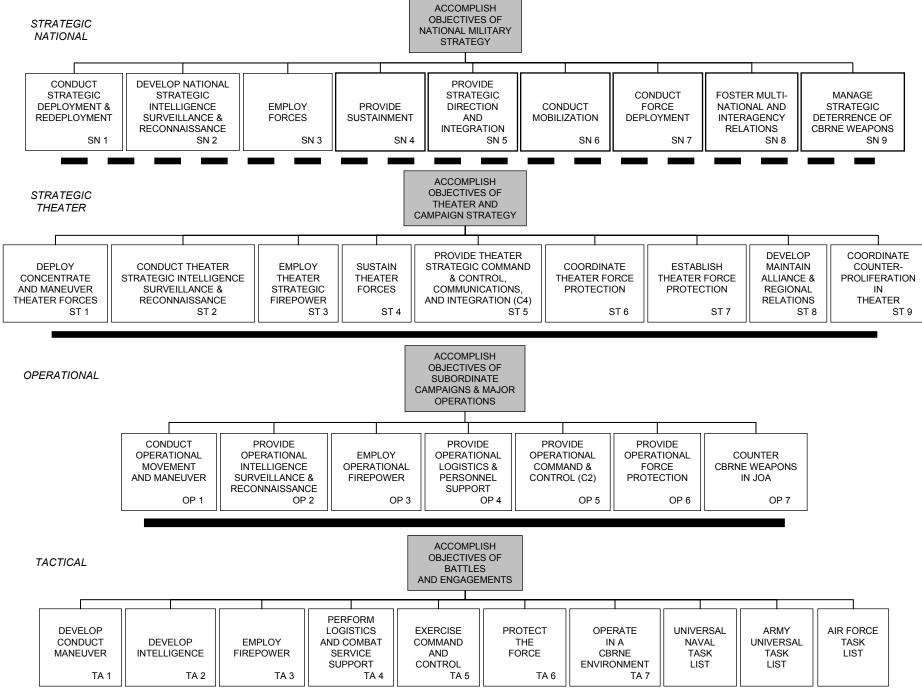
SYSTEMS ACQUISITION PROCESS CYCLE



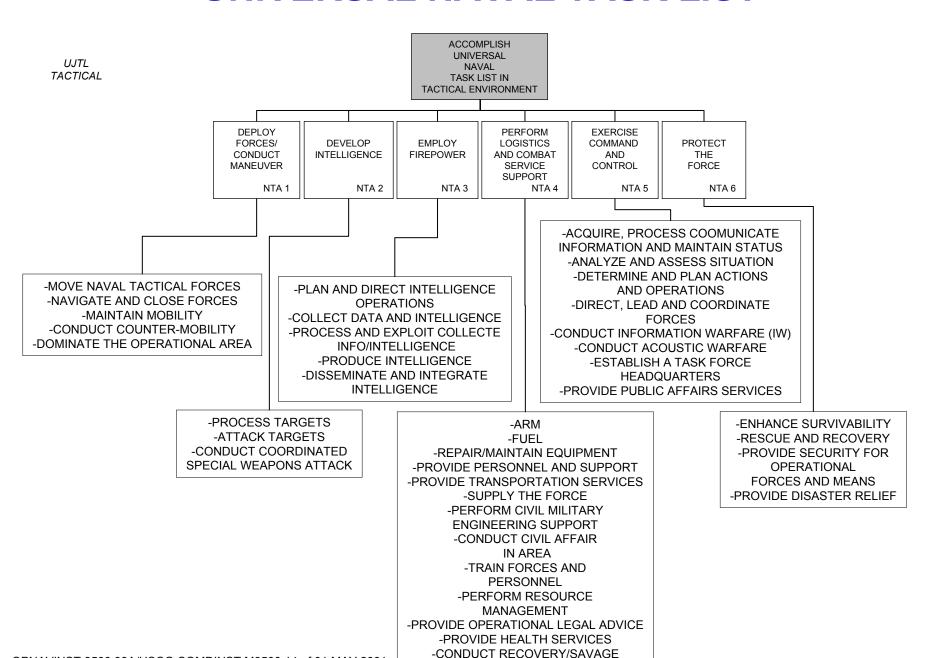
EVOLVING TO OPERATIONAL LOGISTICS

A Visualized Framework - STRATEGIC Through TACTICAL



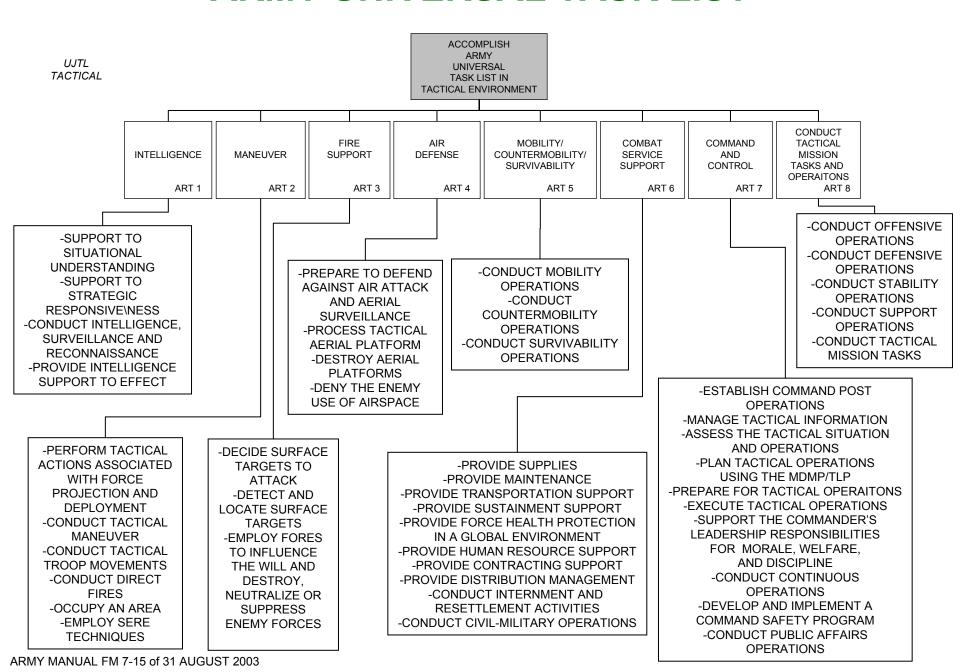


UNIVERSAL NAVAL TASK LIST

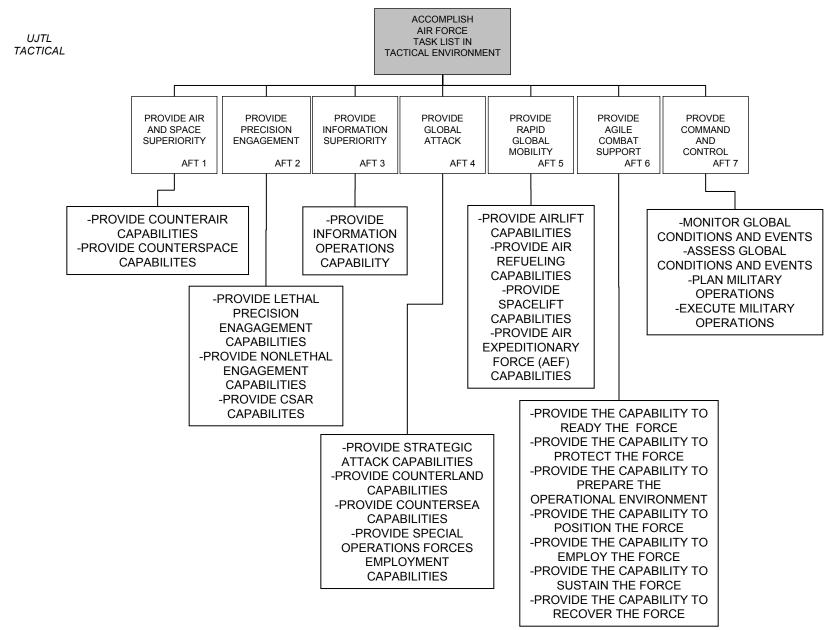


OPNAVINST 3500.38A/USCG COMDINST M3500.14 of 01 MAY 2001

ARMY UNIVERSAL TASK LIST



AIR FORCE TASK LIST



LOGISTICS - DEFINED

Headquarters I Staff Analysis and Support - Policies, Structure, Mechanisms Combat The science of planning and carrying out the Readiness movement and maintenance of forces. In its most comprehensive sense, those aspects of military operations which deal with:

a. design and development, acquisition, storage, movement, distribution, maintenance, Requirement evacuation, and disposition of materiel;

b. movement, evacuation, and hospitalization of Rick personnel;

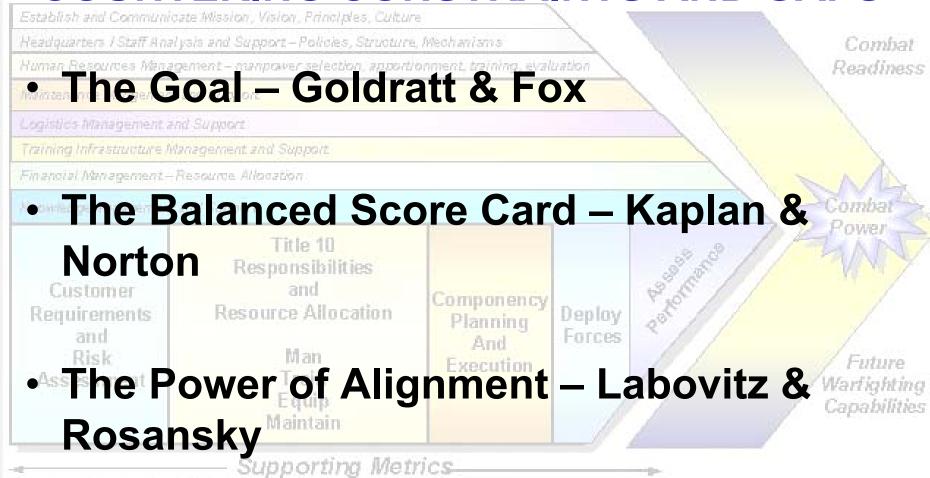
- c. acquisition or construction, maintenance,
- operation, and disposition of facilities; and,
 - d. acquisition or furnishing of services.

Customer

and

Establish and Communicate Mission Vision Principles Culture

COUNTERING CONSTRAINTS AND GAPS



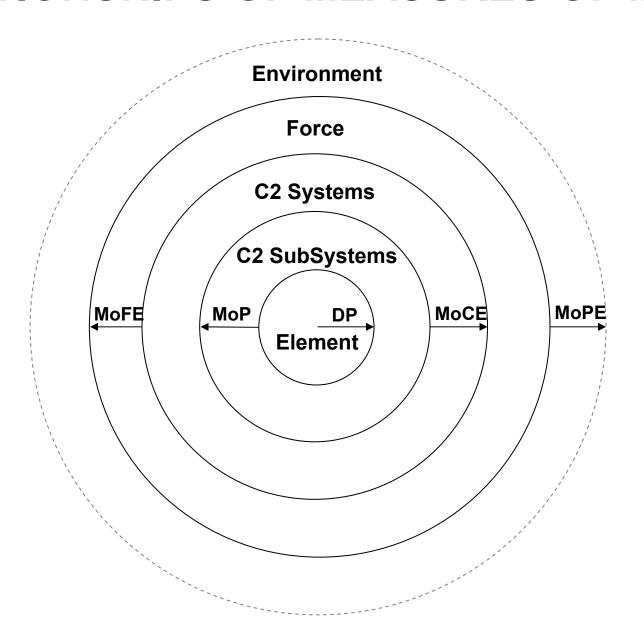
- * Execution Netric (Surge-Ready Forces)
- Subordinate Wetrics

* Investment Wetric (Ewave)

* Netric Assessment Tools (Earned Value, etc.)

SEAMLESS DELIVERY OF COMBAT POWER TO THE WAR FIGHTER, COMMANDER FLEET FORCES COMMAND

RELATIONSHIPS OF MEASURES OF MERIT

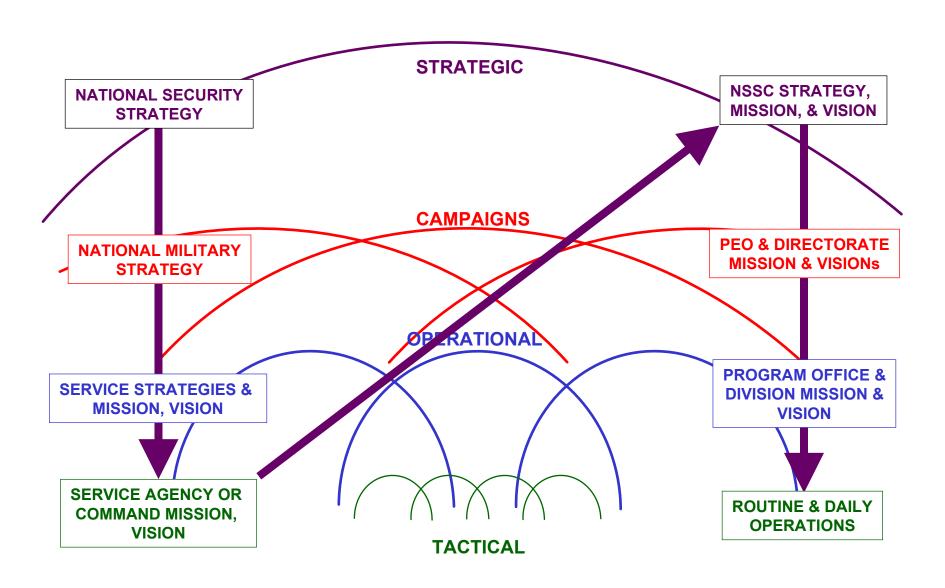


A Visualized Framework -

REAL WORLD CONNECTIONS

- Hierarchical Probabilistic Models for Operational-Level Course of Action Development – Falson, Zhang, and Davis, 2001
- An Architecture for Decision Support in a Wargame Bienvenu, Wagenhals, Shen, and Levis, 2001
- Modeling Support of Effects-Based Operations in War Games – Wagenhals & Levis, 2002
- Value Focused Thinking: Guiding C2 Systems Interface Design – Miller, 2004
- First Operational Requirements Document (ORD) of the Millennium-Next Generation Aircraft Carrier – Webb, 2000
- Blind Man's Bluff The Untold Story of American Submarine Espionage – Sontag and Drew, 1999
- JV-2010/JV-2020/National Defense Strategy 2005

A Visualized Framework - STRATEGIC Through TACTICAL



National Military Strategy



Protect

The United States Against

External Attacks and Aggression

Prevent

Conflict and

Surprise

Prevail



Against

Adversaries

In Support of the Objectives of the National Defense Strategy the Armed Forces Conduct Military Activities Globally

Full Spectrum Dominance

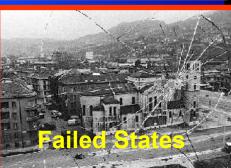


Challenging 21st Century Military and Civilian



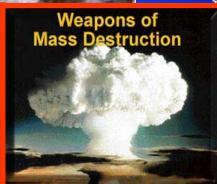








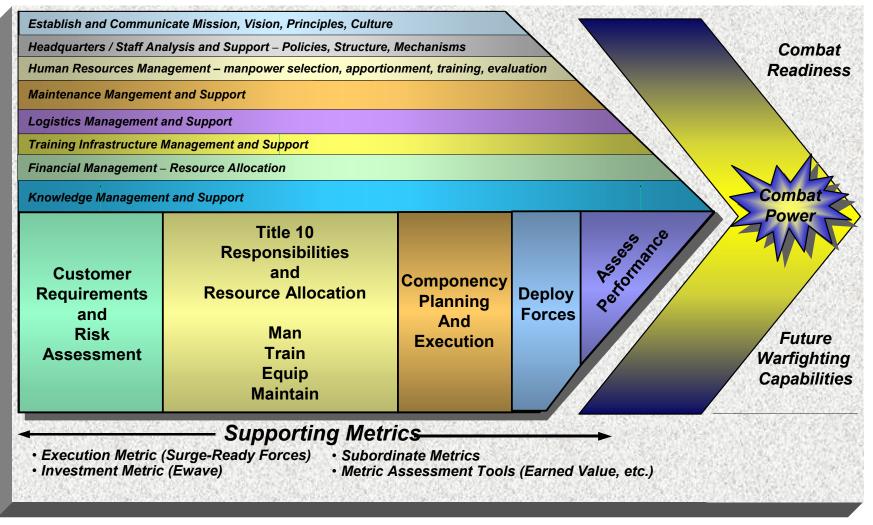








Tools and Metrics Fleet Forces Value Chain Enterprise Mission



Customers: COCOMS and CNO

TAKE AWAYS

- Capabilities Produced for The Warfighters as Value
 Chain Through Transformation and Adjustment
- Opportunities for Better Flow Through All Components
 & Partners by Becoming Seamless
- Tools and Methods are Available and Being Used

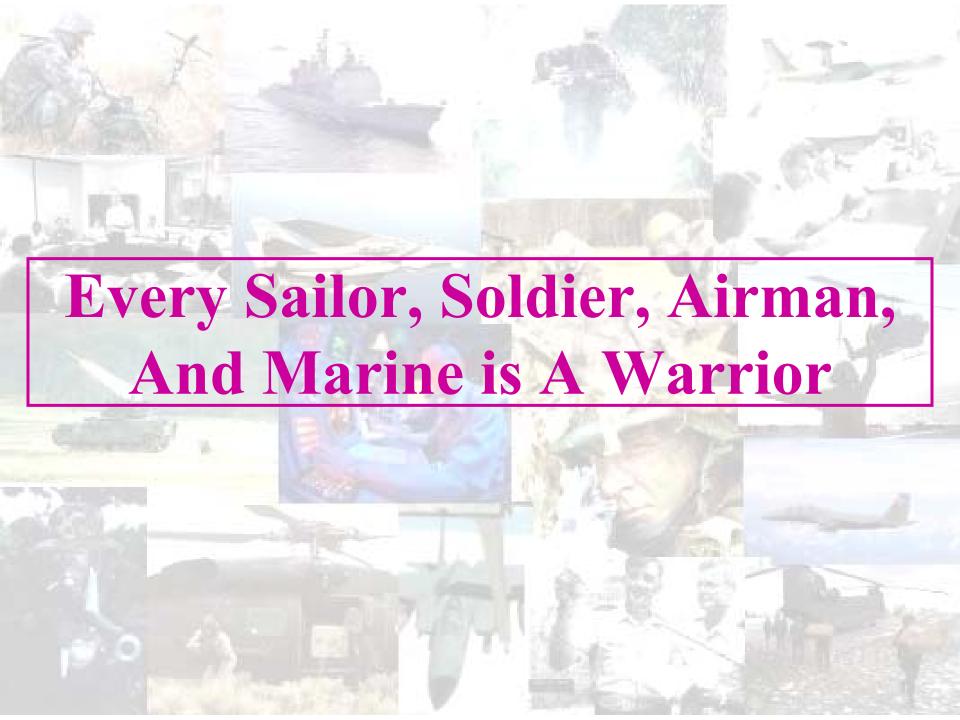
Establish and Communicate Mission Vision Principles Culture

Logistics Management and Support

Assessment

- Opportunities to Leverage Other Sources and Ideas
- Developing Larger Understanding of Value Chain Flow to Address Edges, Challenges, Opportunities, and Gaps
- * Execution Wetric (surge-Ready Forces) * Subordinate Wetrics * Investment Wetric (Ewave) * Wetric Assessment Tools (Earned Value, etc.)
- Can Assist in the Transition to National Security Personnel System Through Seeing The Value Chain





Why Warriors?



"We set about making U.S.
Forces more agile and more expeditionary. When we say "agile" some people seem to think it means making the military "smaller." It does not. It is the shape of the forces, not the size.. "

Defense Secretary Rumsfeld, 17 Feb, 2005.



