Modeling interpersonal trust in distributed command and control teams

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Note: The views expressed in this presentation are those of the authors and do not necessarily reflect the official policy or position of the Army

Overview

- **Goal**: Model impact of trust on **BEHAVIOR** in C2 (e.g., information sharing, collaboration)
 - Simulate trust's impact in future concepts experimentation
 - Develop training to help calibrate trust and build trust
- Preliminary model development
- Supports ARI effort to promote collaboration in networkenabled C2

Why Does Trust Matter?

C2: Trust information, judgment

- Commander
- Teammates
- Larger groups (all network users)





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Individuals Collectives





Defining Trust

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- Willingness of someone (*trustor*) to be vulnerable to the actions of another (*trustee*)
- How to measure?
 - Expecting that the trustee's actions will be favorable
 - Absence of attempts to mitigate risk or gain control from trustee

Trust Judgment

Behavior

Modeling Trust

- Understand the observable impact of trust
 - What trustor behaviors are enabled by trust judgments?

Trust Judgment

Behavior

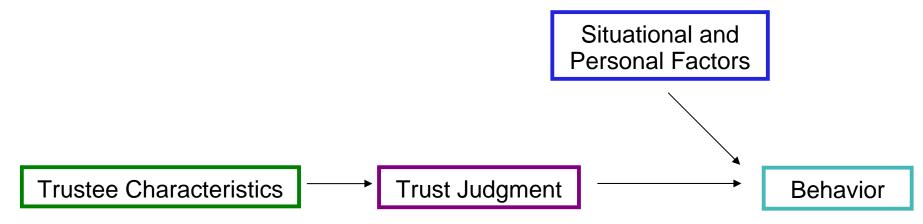
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Modeling Trust

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 - What trustor behaviors are enabled by trust judgments?
- Understand *contributors* to trust
 - What trustee behaviors build trust?
- Understand *when* trust has greatest impact
 - In C2, what situational factors influence behavior?



Method

Literature review: Scholarly and military literature

• Examined characteristics people evaluate when making trust judgments

Interview: 8 active-duty or recently retired Army officers with C2 staff experience

 Talked about trustee behaviors (cues) that build trust, trustor behaviors that result from trust, and factors that influence impact of trust on behavior

Observation: 2 Army C2 simulation exercises

 Noted trustee behaviors (cues) that convey trustworthiness, trustor behaviors that follow these cues, and situational factors that influence behavioral responses to these cues

Goal: To identify trustee behaviors that convey trustworthiness

Competence

Can do: domain-specific knowledge and skills

Individuals:

- Sharing accurate information
- Mentioning second- and thirdorder effects in planning meetings

Collectives:

- Training
- Collaborative history
- Frequency of errors on C2 network

Character

- Will do: Honesty, helpfulness, accountability

Individuals:

- Accepting help from others
- Prioritizing mission over own career
- Sharing information honestly

Collectives:

- Similarity of goals
- Training

• Dependability

Does consistently: Predictability of actions

Individuals:

- Using consistent format in reports
- Accessible when needed
- Meeting commitments

Collectives:

- Group similarity
- Interoperable C2 networks

Cues of individual team members' trustworthiness:

e.g., Quality of shared information; Focus on mission; Consistency of individuals' behavior

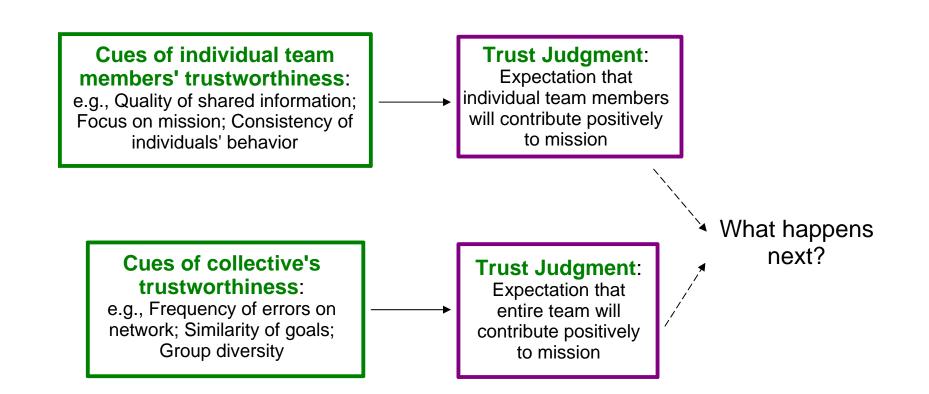
Trust Judgment: Expectation that individual team members will contribute positively to mission

Cues of collective's trustworthiness:

e.g., Frequency of errors on network; Similarity of goals; Group diversity

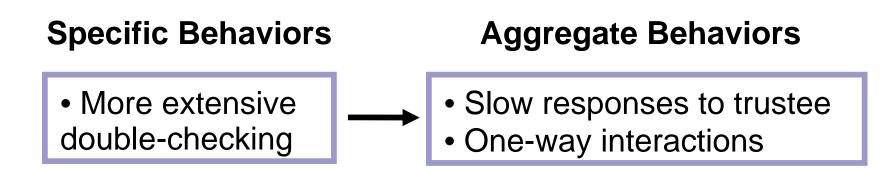
Trust Judgment: Expectation that

entire team will contribute positively to mission



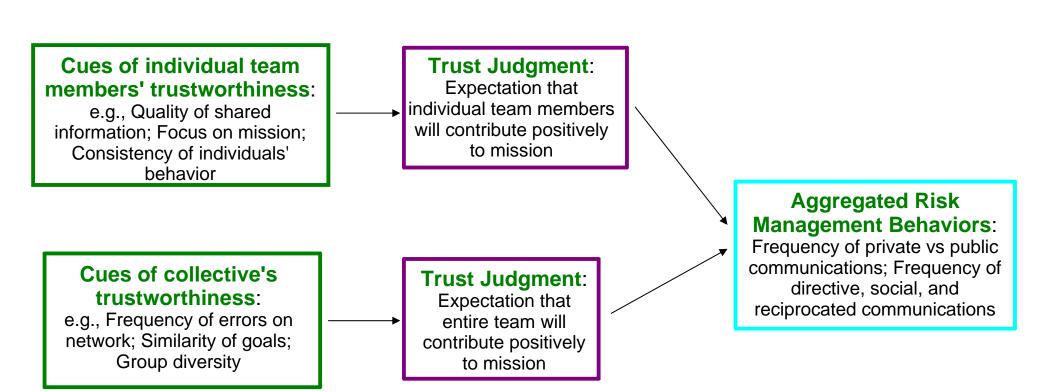
How Does Trust Influence Behavior?

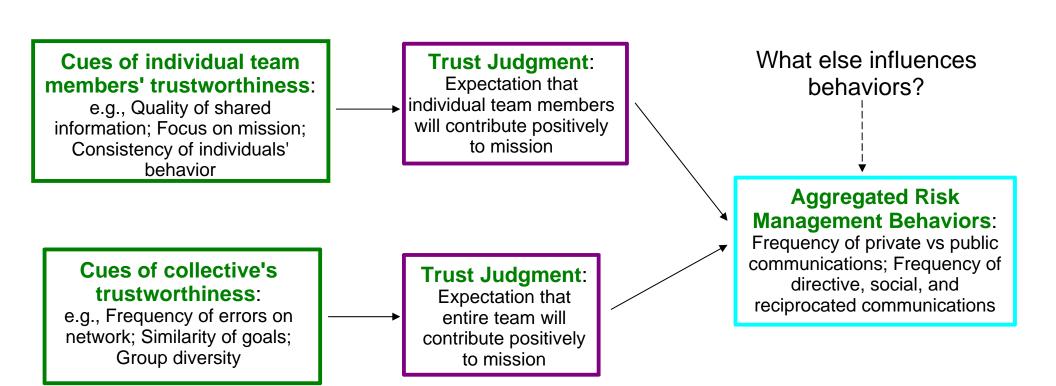
Goal: To identify aggregate behaviors associated with different levels of trust



How Does Trust Influence Behavior?

Trusted Individual	More frequent interactions with trustee; Rapid responses to trustee; Greater frequency of two-way interactions; Initiates interactions more often; Message content involves requests, confirmations, and even social chat; Message tone is informal
Trusted Collective	Frequent group-level / network interactions
Un-trusted Individual	Reduced frequency of interactions with trustee; Slow responses to trustee; Rarely initiates interactions; Message content involves instruction and monitoring; Message tone is formal
Un-trusted Collective	Avoid group-level / network interactions; Establish SOPs





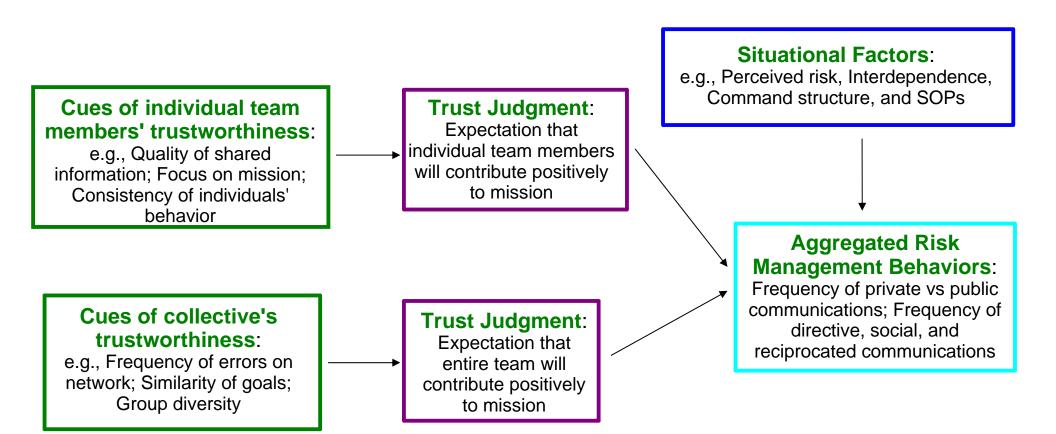
When Does Trust Influence Behavior?

Goal: To identify conditions that cause trust to have strongest (and weakest) impact on behavior

When Does Trust Influence Behavior?

Behavior is likely to reflect trust judgments if there is:

- Moderate risk
- Low interdependence
- Uncertainty of procedures
- Ample time to change behavior
- Available alternatives
- Confidence in trust judgment



Summary

- Through qualitative analysis, we have:
 - Developed a model of trust in C2 teams
 - Identified trustee behaviors that build trust
 - Identified trustor behaviors that reflect trust
 - Specified situational factors that influence the expression of trust
- In future quantitative analysis, we will:
 - Reduce model to most important elements
 - Investigate trust in C2 simulations



Questions?

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