

# Steps beyond Tracks

*Extending Naval C2 Systems to Support  
Tactical Thinking*

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**TNO | Knowledge for business**

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# Overview

- Introduction to the perceived problem
- A possible solution: the abstraction hierarchy
- Application to the naval domain
- Automated support: processing and HMI
- Evaluation
- Summary

# Difficult Command and Control



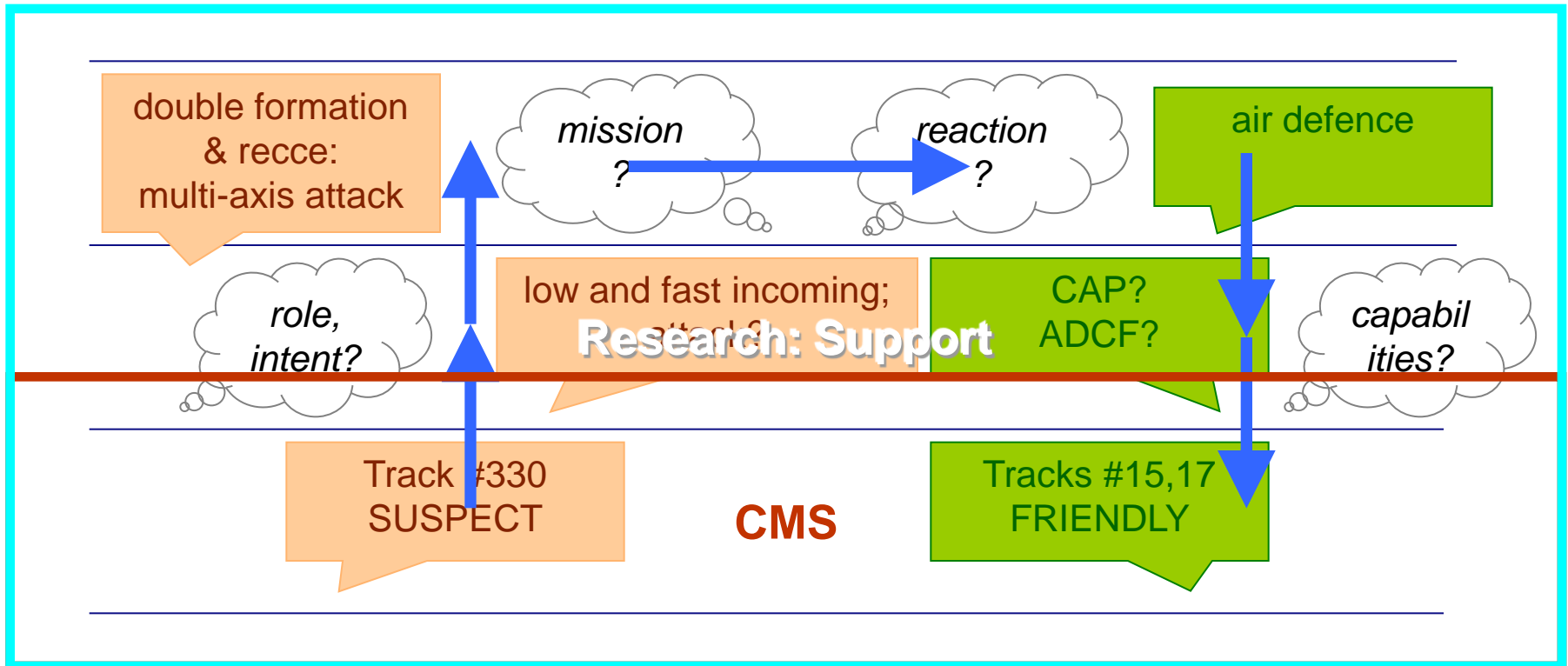
- C2 Systems have a hard time dealing with modern operations



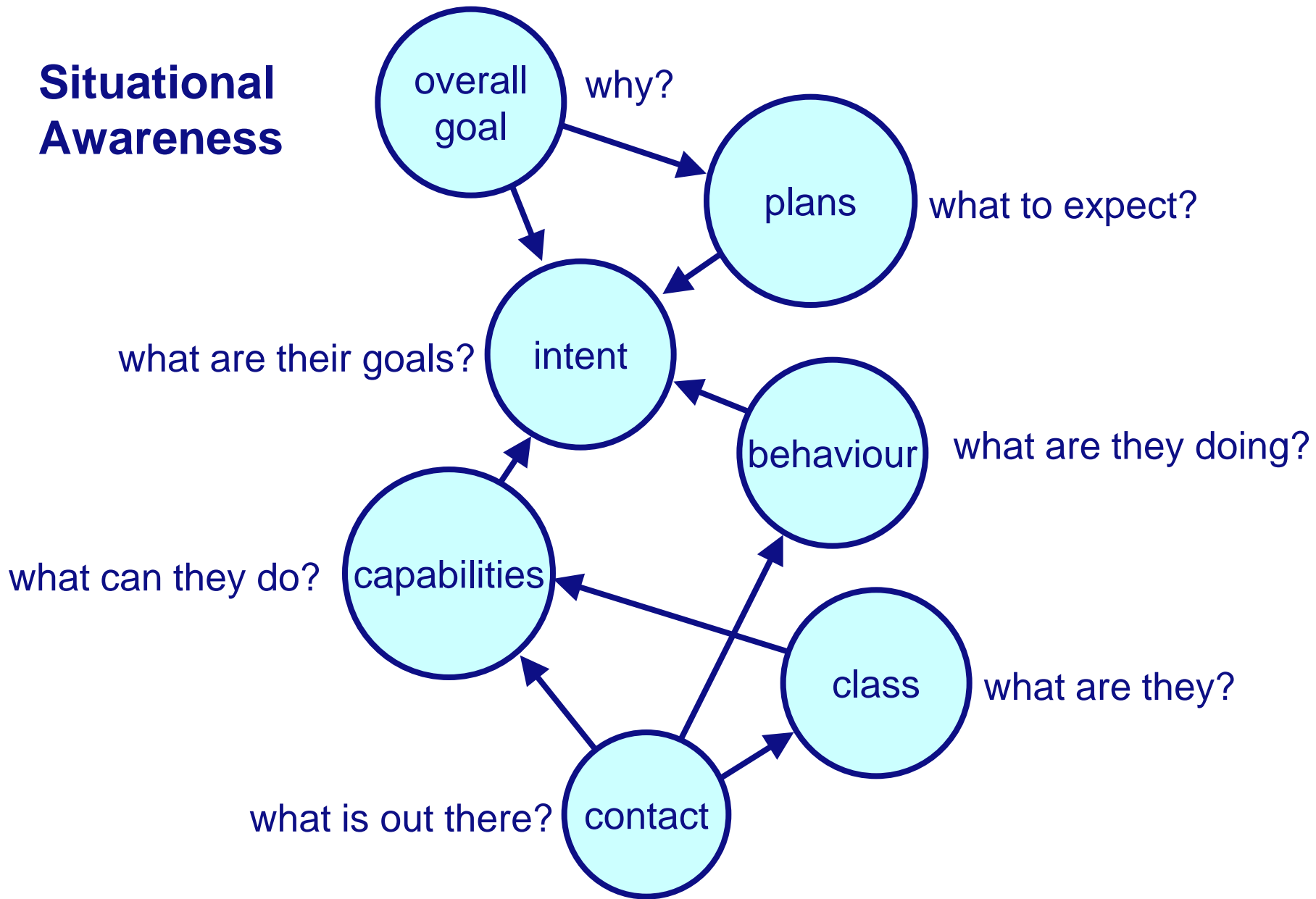
# Focus of the Project: Naval Command and Control

- **Naval Combat Management Systems are not Perfect**
  - Tactical representation (BLUEFOR, OPFOR, others) is not well suited to current operations (*peace keeping, law enforcement, ...*).
  - Higher-order information (roles, intent, goals) is not integrated (*communicated by orders, voice, chat, presentation sheets*).
  - Information exchange is across technical, cultural and linguistic barriers between (joint/combined) forces.
- **Project Goal: Better Information**
  - **Better (shared) understanding of the tactical situation** in a (distributed) command team through the exchange of higher-level information.
  - Automated support for building / maintaining / adjusting the higher-level information.

# Thinking at Different Abstraction Levels



# Situational Awareness



# Framework: Abstraction Decomposition Spaces

(Rasmussen, Vicente, et al)

Part-Whole	Total System	Subsystem	Unit	Component
<b>Means-Ends</b>				
Purpose of the system	?			
Laws and principles				
Processes	<p>People reason about a system at different levels of abstraction</p> <p>The automation and HMI should support this reasoning and reflect the levels of abstraction</p>			
Equipment Function				
Equipment Form				!

# Abstraction Hierarchy of a Military Operation



Level	Abstraction	Question
Functional Purpose	Goal of the Military Operation	<b>what is its (group) overarching purpose?</b> ( <i>goal</i> )
Abstract Function	Balance of force and risk; military, socio-economical considerations	<b>what influence will its (group/platform) actions have?</b> ( <i>balance</i> )
Generalized Function	Platform/Unit/Group missions, tasks	<b>what is its (platform/group) intention?</b> ( <i>mission</i> )
Physical Function	Platform capabilities and possible roles	<b>what is it doing?</b> ( <i>behaviour</i> ) <b>what can it do?</b> ( <i>capabilities</i> )
Physical Form	Platform type and identity; platform position and velocity	<b>is there something there?</b> ( <i>presence</i> ) <b>what is it?</b> ( <i>class, identity</i> )



# Abstraction Decomposition Space of a Military Operation: Part-Whole

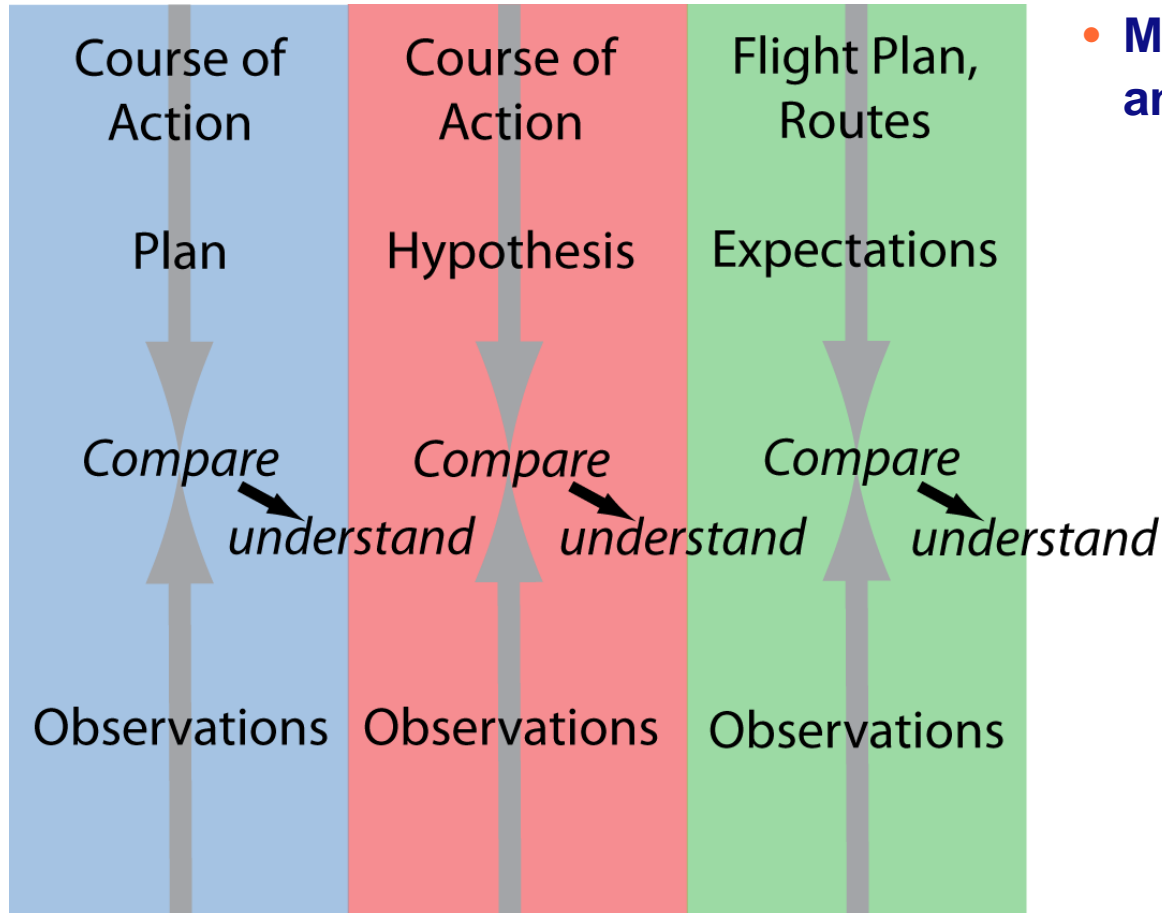


Level	Total System	Subsystem	Unit
Functional Purpose			
Abstract Function			
Generalized Function	task force mission	group mission	platform mission
Physical Function			platform role
Physical Form			platform class, type

# Hierarchical information model

- Using a hierarchical information model we expect better (human-system) performance
- **Hypotheses**
  - Better (shared) understanding of the tactical situation in a (distributed) command team through the exchange of higher-level information.
  - Less explicit communication needed.
  - Less time needed for critical decisions.
  - New people need less time to get acquainted with the situation.
  - People need less time to become aware of deviations of plans.
- Automated support for building / maintaining / adjusting the information becomes possible.

# From Theory to Practice



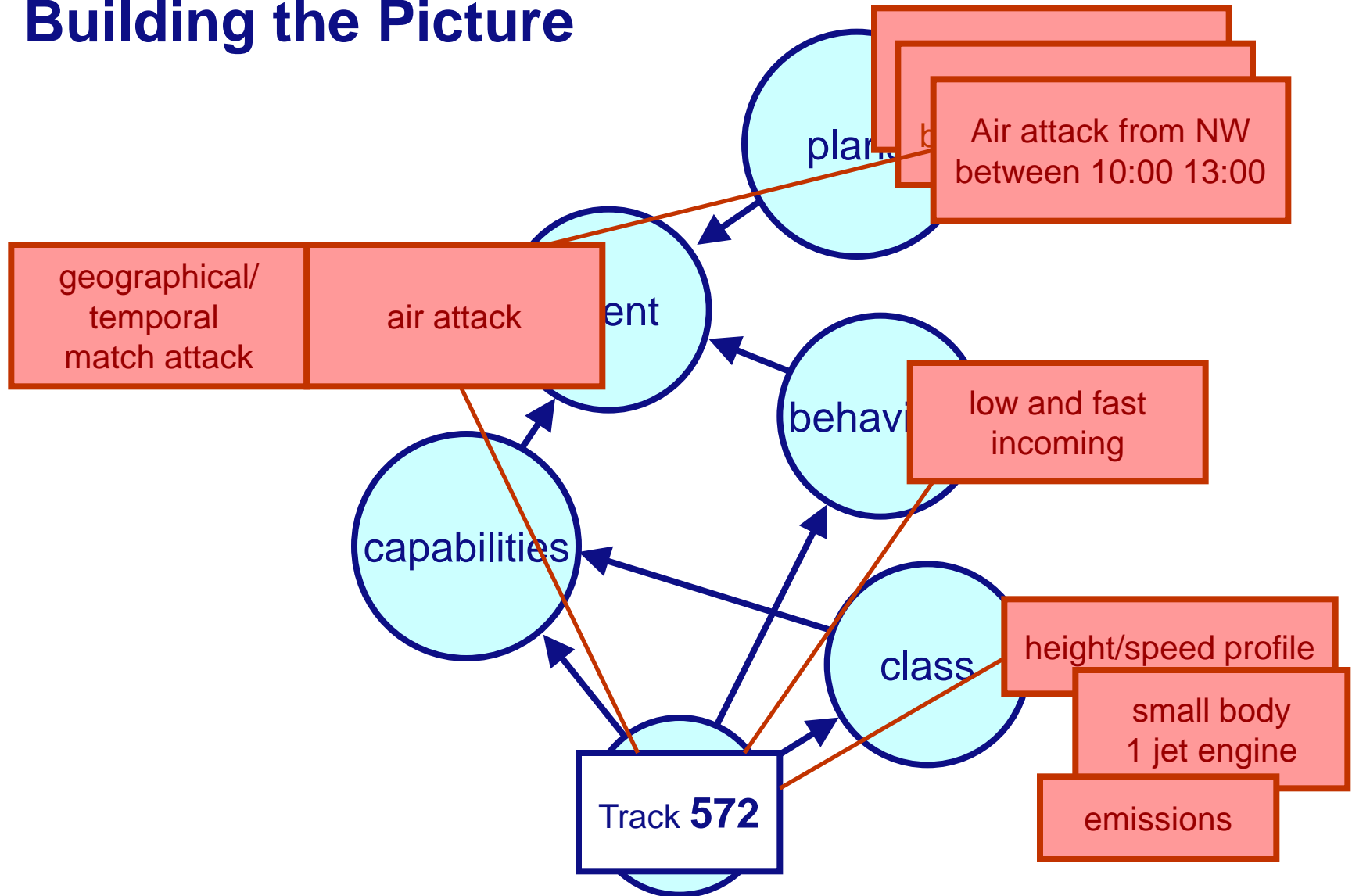
- **Matching observations and expectations**
  - Preconstructed plans describe the **expectations**
  - A constructed reality describes the **observations**
  - Matching expectations with observations 'explains' the situation

# Comparisons at Different Levels

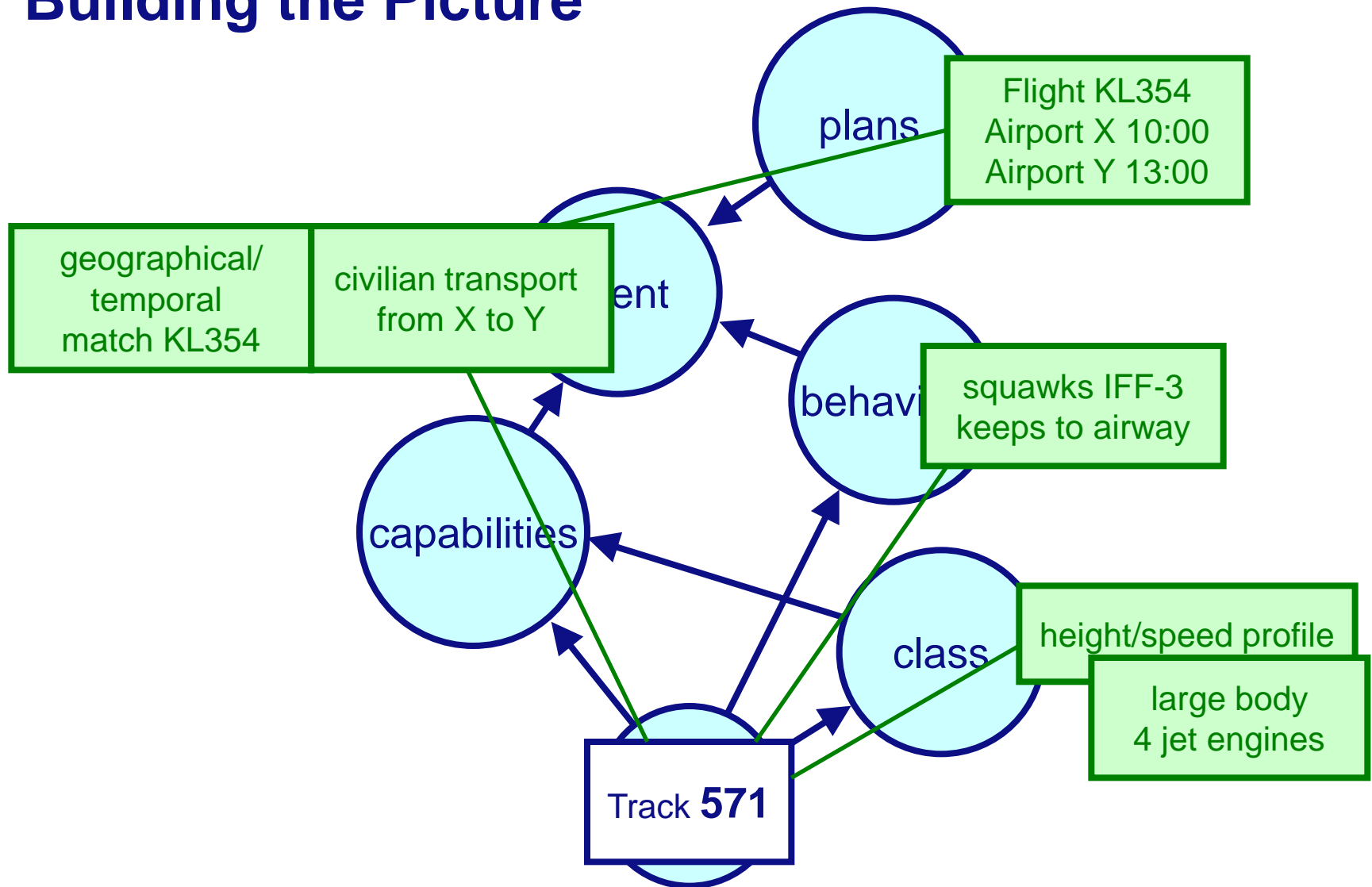


Question	Processing
what is its overarching purpose? ( <i>goal</i> )	
what influence will its actions have? ( <i>balance</i> )	
what is its intention? ( <i>mission</i> )	<b>Comparison with courses of action, flight plans, shipping tables</b>
what is it doing? ( <i>behaviour</i> ) what can it do? ( <i>capabilities</i> )	<b>Comparison with behavioural patterns;</b> Extraction of database information
is there something there? ( <i>presence</i> ) what is it? ( <i>class, identity</i> )	<b>Comparison with signatures</b>

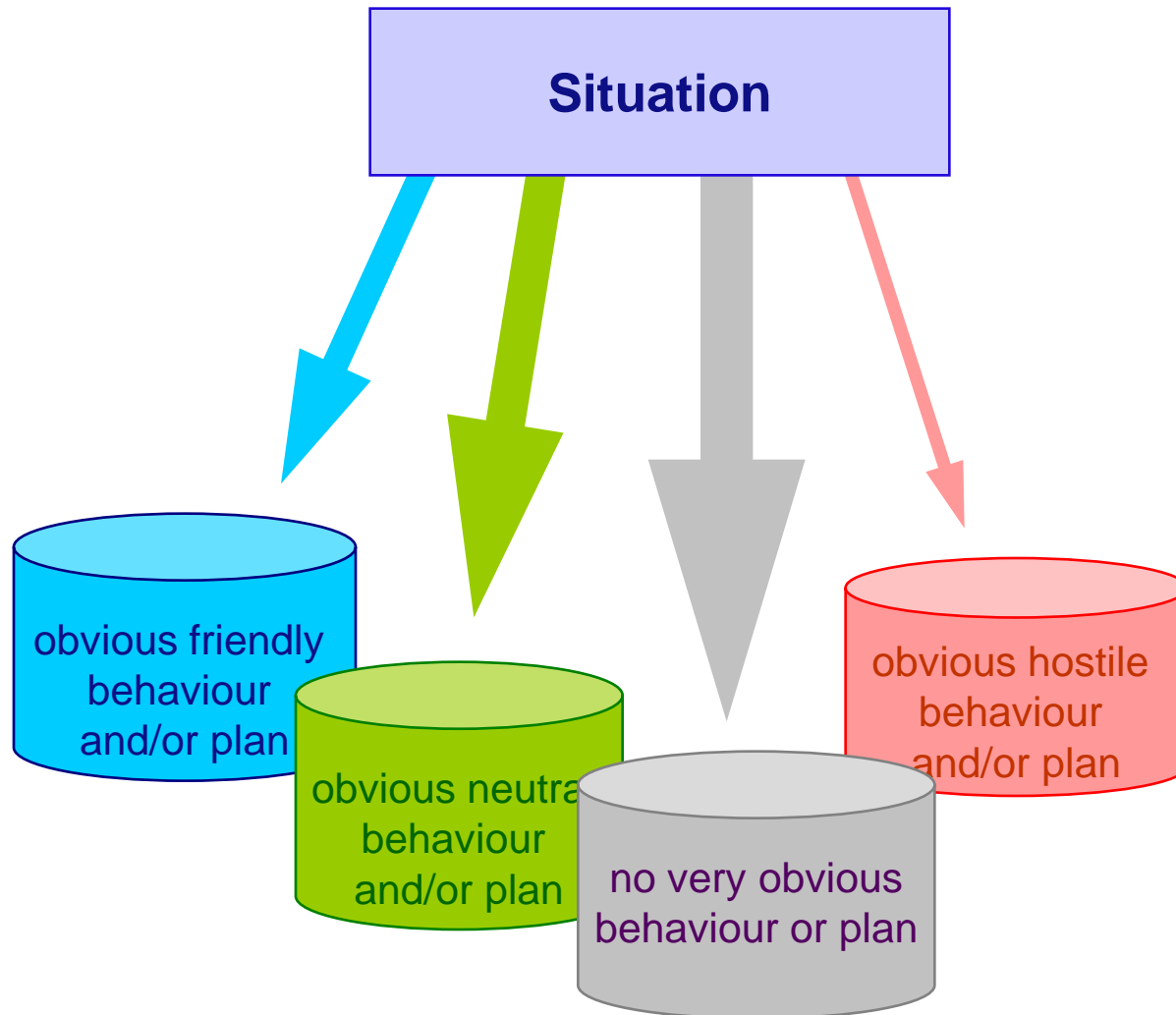
# Building the Picture



# Building the Picture



# Understanding



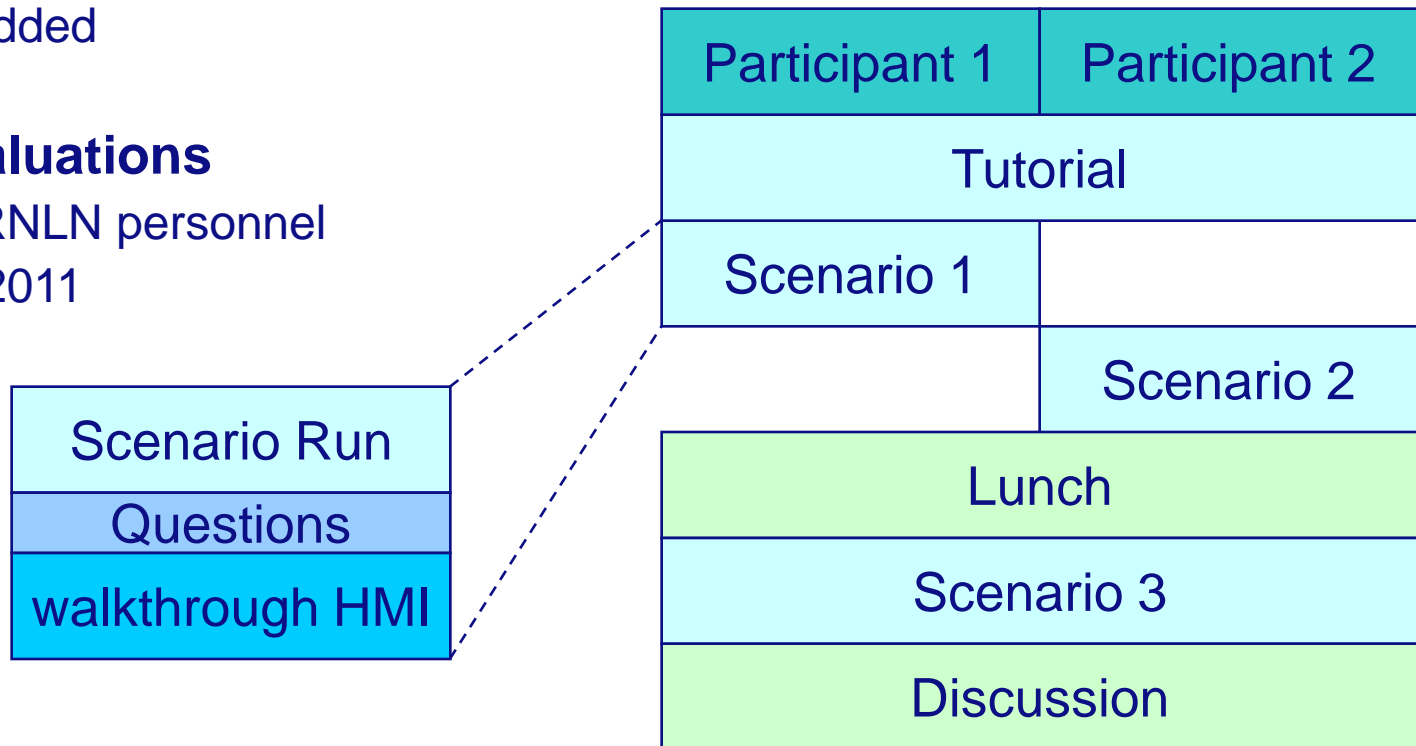
# Evaluation

- **Naval Simulation Environment**

- Based on existing high-fidelity simulation environment (JROADS)
- Role and Mission Definitions added
- HMI added

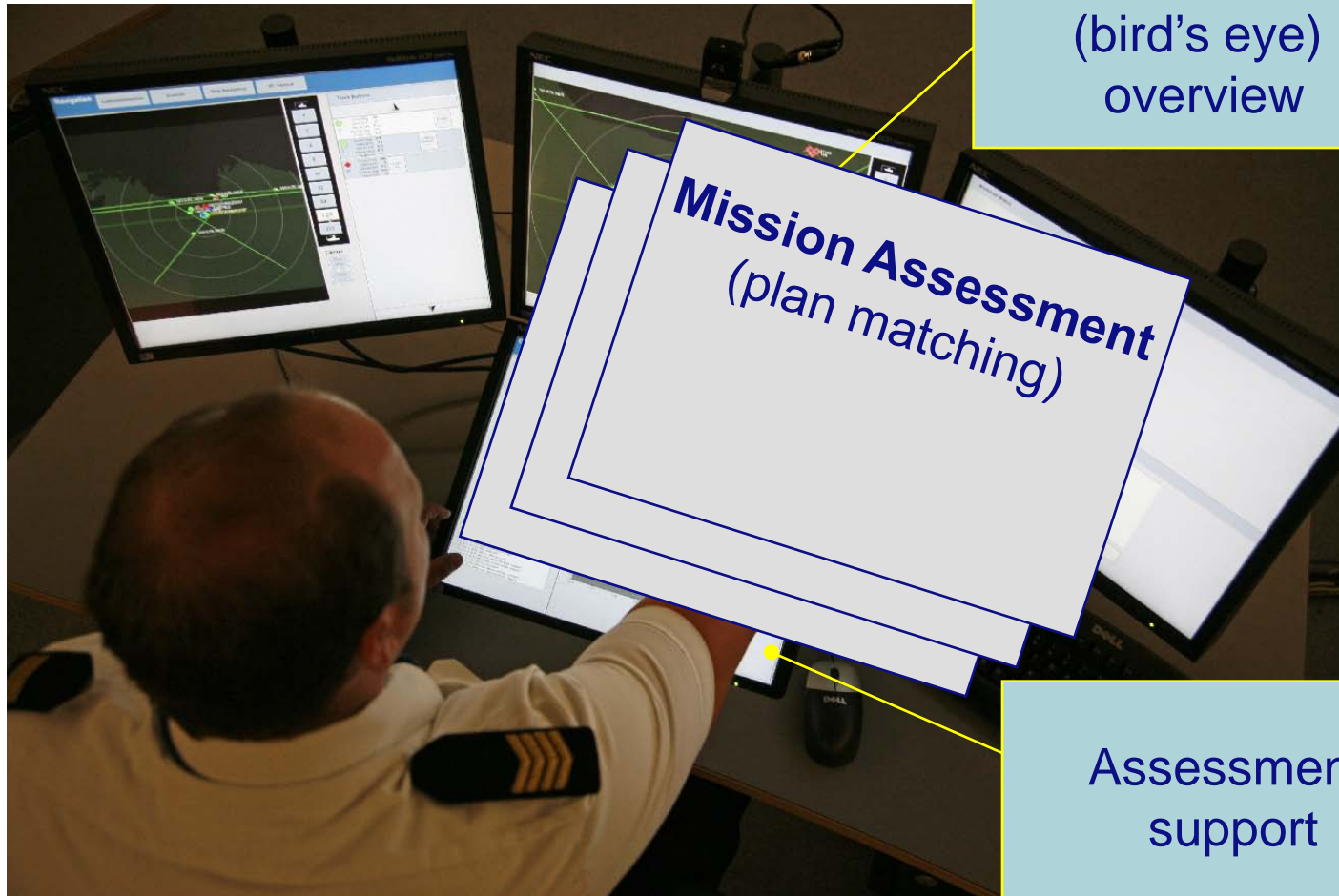
- **First Evaluations**

- With RNLN personnel
- June 2011





# HMI based on three abstraction levels



Tactical  
(bird's eye)  
overview

**Mission Assessment**  
(plan matching)

Assessment  
support

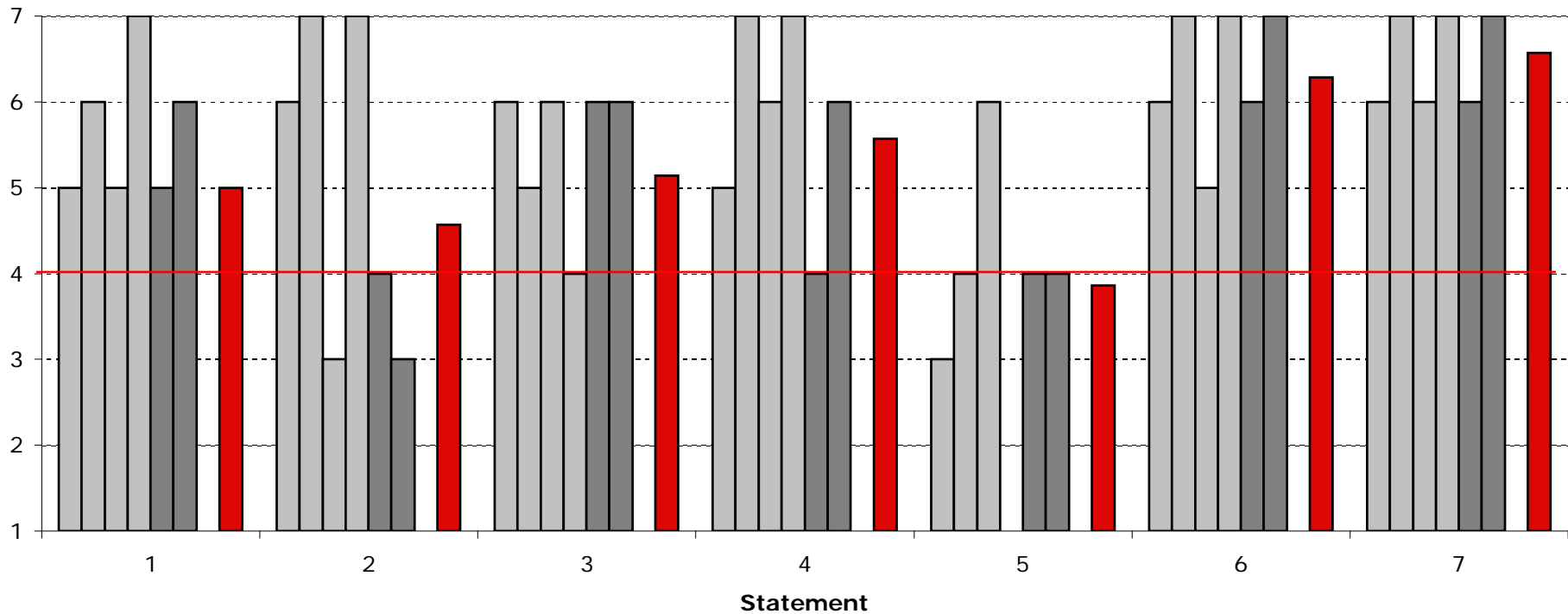
# Measurement: scenario runs

- **Situation Awareness Probes**
  - Freeze after 7 mins
  - Two freezes during, one after
- **Statements after trial (both participant and expert)**
  - Response on a 7-point Likert Scale
  - #1: Better/faster understanding
  - #2: Less communication in CIC
  - #3: Briefing
  - #4: International Ops
  - #5: Workload
  - #6: fits thought process
  - #7: TAH allows to describe tactical situation

# Results

- Situation Awareness Probes
  - Observed: good
- Statements after trial

Results Statements



# Summary

- Current Naval Combat Management Systems do not fully support complex operations (*peace keeping, law enforcement, ...*)
- Expanded information model can be based on framework of Abstraction Hierarchies, Abstraction Decomposition Spaces
- Naval abstraction hierarchy proposed of
  - overall goal
  - operational balance
  - platform/group missions
  - platform capabilities and role
  - platform presence, class and identity
- 
- First evaluation with prototype June 2011
- Good reception by participants

# Future Automated Support

