Supporting NATO C2-Simulation Experimentation with Scripted Web Services

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Presentation Overview

- Scripted BML background
- Scripted BML in NATO MSG-048
- Architecture of SBMLServer
- Publish/Subscribe for BML
- Recent improvements to SBML
- Conclusions



Scripted BML Background

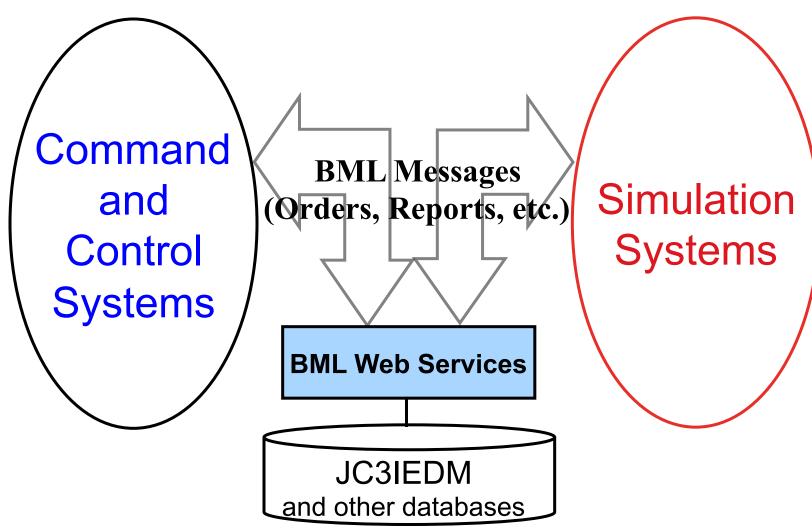


BML Purpose and Operation

- Facilitates C2-Simulation interoperation
 - Exchange of Orders and reports in standard format
- Current architecture uses a repository service to hold state submitted by client C2 and Simulation systems
 - Web service with XML input Network Centric
 - Data stored in JC3IEDM and can be replicated



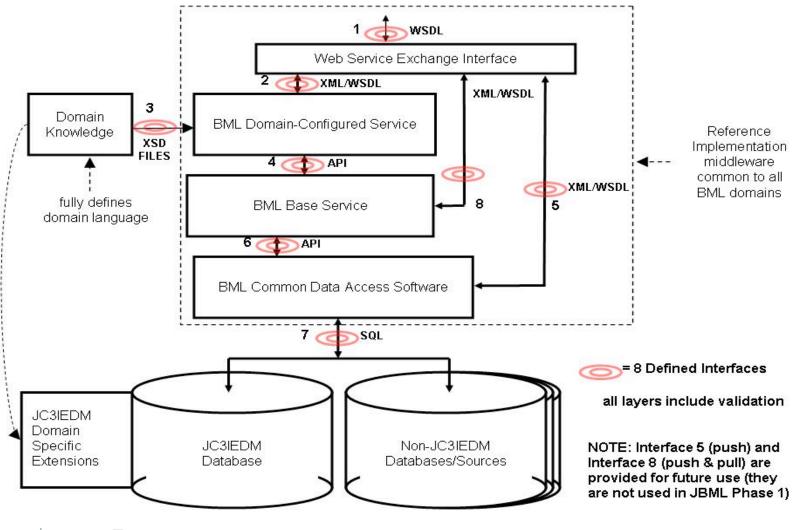
BML Architecture







Original BML WS Architecture







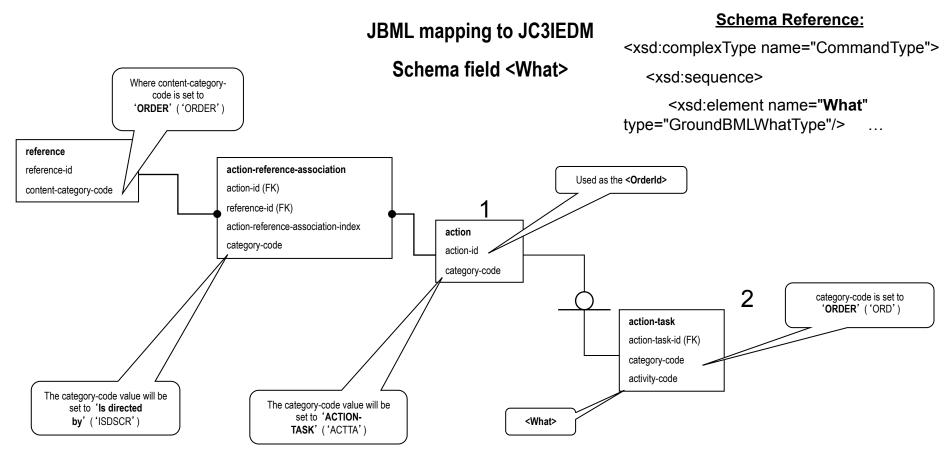
Why Scripted WS

- Middleware functions don't change
 - Mapping BML to JC3IEDM and push/pull to database
 - Program these once and get them right
- Interpreted WS offers flexibility
 - Rapid implementation of new BML constructs
 - Easy to modify underlying data model
 - MIP standard also continues to change
 - Reduces time and cost for prototyping
 - Scripting language provides a concise definition of BML-to-data model mappings
 - Although bugs still happen, the number of possible mistakes is far smaller
- Scripted operation may, however, be slower
 - Multithreading helps this
 - But a hard-coded implementation is likely to perform better





The Old Way: IDEF1x Mapping Definition



Not machine readable though highly structured Script is a concise XML coding of this





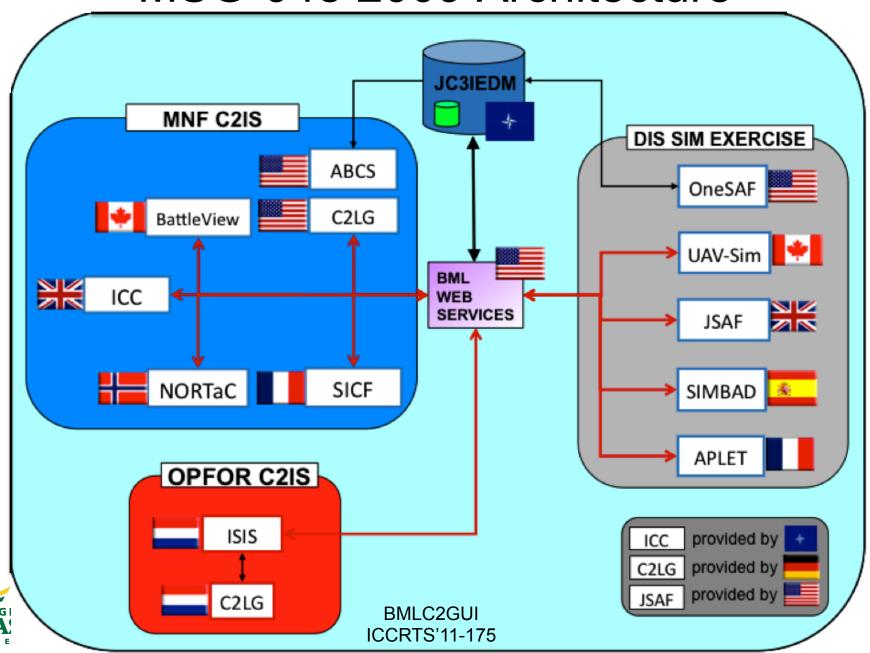
Scripted BML WS Design

- Basic operations: push and pull
 - Currently, servers for SQL and RI databases
 - Scripts implement BML Orders and Reports
- Script defines implementation of Business Objects (constituents of the higher-level BML grammar) over the JC3IEDM data model
 - BO is an XML subtree rooted at a defined node in the XML file – can invoke other BO
- Interpreter uses two files plus WS input
 - Mapping file contains script
 - BML schema file provides necessary context
 - XML namespace capable

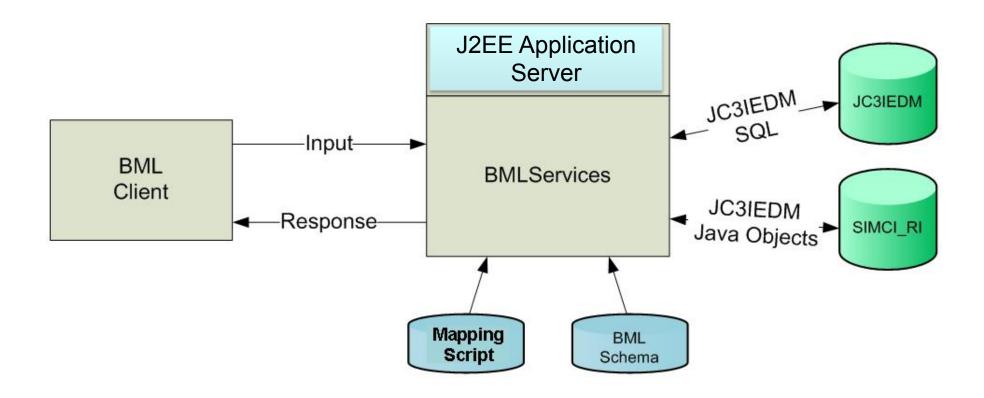




MSG-048 2009 Architecture



Scripted BML WS Configuration



Two implementations: MySQL and SIMCI RI

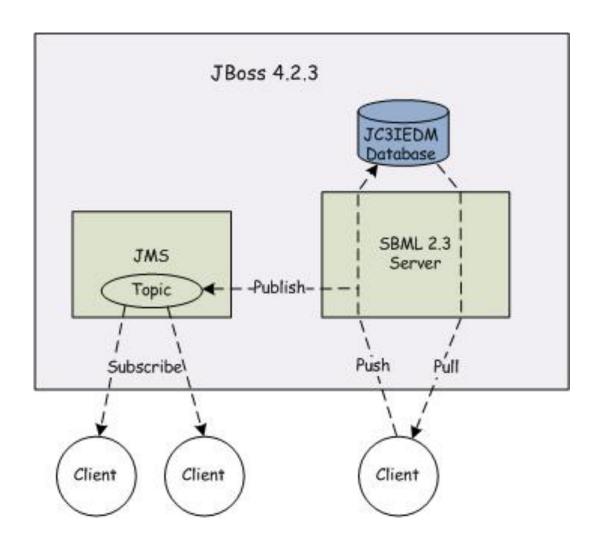


Polling vs Publish/Subscribe

- "Pure" Web Service is always accessed by push or pull transaction from client
 - No provision for server to initiate action
- For clients to stay up to date they must pull latest status from server at rate determined by their need for up-to-date information (called *polling*)
 - Result: MSG-048 server in 2008 spent most of its time responding to status pulls
- Publish/subscribe gets around this by letting clients identify the categories of information they need – they subscribe to Topics
 - Server sends them a copy of every update associated with each subscribe Topic
 - More timely updates and a dramatic reduction in overhead



Publish/Subscribe Architecture







Advantages of Publish/Subscribe

- Avoids inefficiencies:
 - Server must re-read information written to database
 - Redundant polling
 - Separate server cycle needed for each client
- Implements effective distribution
 - Create a Topic for each interest category
 - Clients subscribe by Topic
 - Server automatically forwards transactions matching the Topics
- However, our implementation of publish/ subscribe used by MSG-048 has static topics

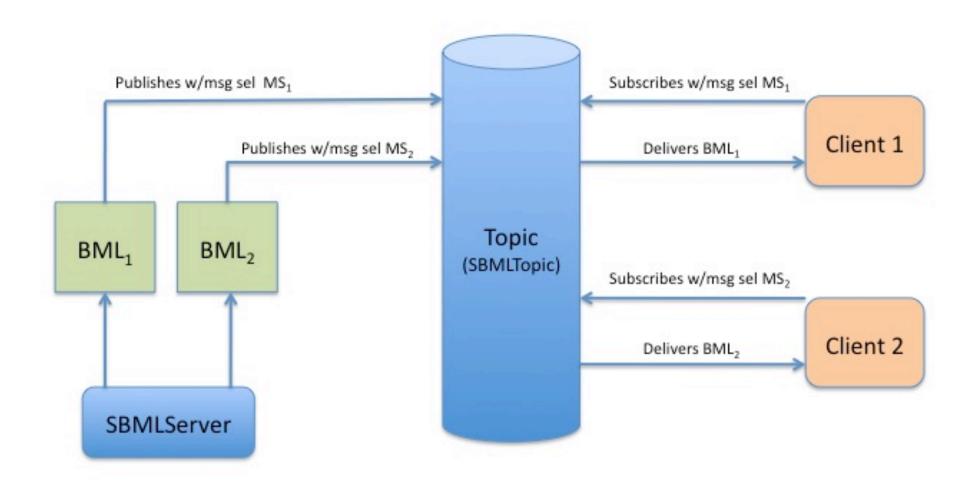


Publish/Subscribe Dynamic Topics

- Topic assignment
 - MSG-048 experimentation was the largest BML coalition to date, so we kept it simple
 - Topics were chosen in advance and coded in server
- Dynamic topics
 - More powerful approach allows Topics to be assigned at runtime
 - Implemented using JMS Message Selectors working through a single static Topic
 - Client defines interest using XPath



Message Selectors for Dynamic Topics





Sample msgSelectors XML

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<Message>
    <Selector>
        <name>allGSR</name>
        <search>//TypeOfReport[. = 'GeneralStatusReport']
  </search>
    </Selector>
    <Selector>
        <name>allOrder</name>
        <search>//OrderPush</search>
    </Selector>
    <Selector>
        <name>allSIMCI</name>
        <search>/*[contains(name(),'REP')]</search>
    </selector>
</Message>
```



Recent Improvements to SBMLServer



Pushing a Complete Thought in JC3IEDM

- MIP provides recommended usage for JC3IEDM
 - "A database update or query must constitute a complete logical military thought."
 - JC3IEDM 3.0.2 Annex O. 5/14/2009
- We understand this to mean all the data about a business object (composite) should be completed at the same time
 - Don't push incomplete data to database
- We've added terms in scripting language to define a complete thought and an SBML mechanism to consolidate the push
 - ri start and ri end





BML Namespaces

- SBML must parse XML input
 - Both BML itself and script are XML
 - Should comply with W3C specifications
- This was hard to do, so deferred initially
 - Now we have completed it
 - Done by mapping BML to various schemas from which it is assembled
 - Allows validation of BML/XML with namespace
- Existing scripts have been modified to use namespaces correctly



Multithreaded Operation in SBML

- A known disadvantage of XML is its verbosity
- Results in a lot of network traffic and contributes to performance problems
 - Parsing and SOAP processing also take time
- When message volume is high, this can be offset somewhat by multithreading
 - SBML designed to support experiments not production
 - But even in experimental environment performance may be needed
 - So we've revised SBML code to work multithreaded
- Latest achievement:
 - About 10 Reports/second with 8 processors on lab server
 - Would expect this to scale to at least 16 processors





Logging/Replay in SBML

- Logging/replay is very useful in development and experimentation
 - Allows exact review and comparison of results
 - May be used to repeat input sequences for testing
- Initial SBML had only console log
 - Could capture transactions but they were difficult to extract
- We've added input/output logging to SBMLv2.4
 - And a replay client to regenerate traffic
- We expect this functionality will grow as users find ways it should be enhanced

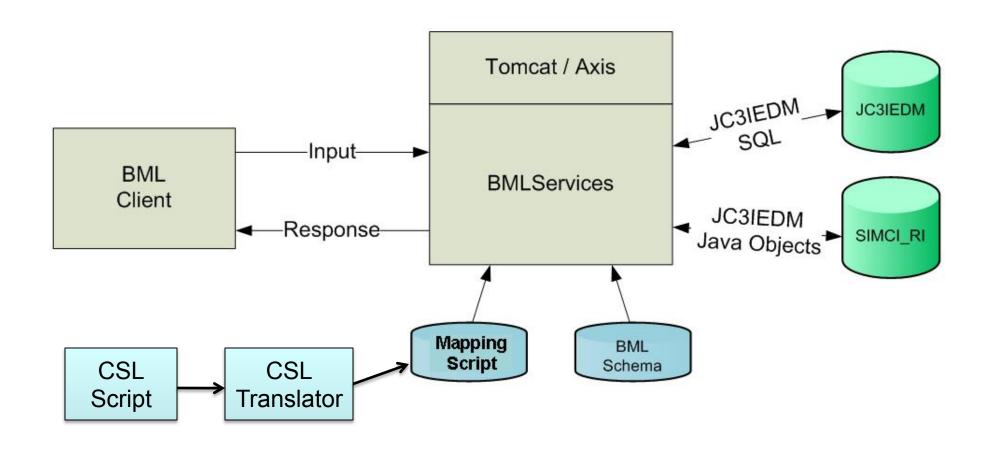


Condensed Scripting Language

- Coding the script in XML makes parsing simple
- But XML is verbose and thus hard to read
- We've defined a condensed format which is isomorphic to the XML script and thus simple to translate
 - Intended to invoke business objects that produce a "complete thought" in JC3IEDM
 - The result is more modular as well as much more readable
 - So we needed a mechanism to make this work



Where CSL Fits in SBML





Condensed Scripting Language Example part one

```
BOInput

BOTransaction WhatWhenPush(...

{
    //fragment from WhatWhenPush
    Call TaskeeWhoPush TaskeeWho (task_act_id) ();
    ...
}
```



Condensed Scripting Language Example part two

```
BOTransaction TaskeeWhoPush (task_act_id) ()
 GET unit unit_id (formal_abbrd_name_txt EQ UnitID);
 PUT act res (
act_id EQ task_act_id,
act_res_index EQI act_res_index, cat_code EQ "RI",
authorising_org_id EQ unit_id);
 PUT act res item (
act_id EQ task_act_id,
act_res_index EQ act_res_index,
   obj item id EQ unit id);
 BOReturn
   BOReturnElement
      Tag Result "OK";
```



OPORD Schemas for SBML

- Recent Army CIO/G6 project supported detailed BML architecture
 - See http://c4i.gmu.edu/BML
- This included a five-paragraph OPORD based on earlier work done for AGC
 - Significantly more detailed than MSG-048 schema
 - Also posted SBML script see webpage
- Ongoing SIMCI converting this to NATO OPORD
 - We have provided SISO C-BML Light compliant script for NATO OPORD
 - Also SISO C-BML Full but without JC3IEDM support



RESTful Services

- Representational State Transfer (REST)
 - More efficient because it does not use SOAP
 - Our measurements indicate 15% improvement
- Client Language flexibility
 - Jboss supports both SOAP and RESTful messaging
 - RESTful supports any subscriber that has access to a HTTP client library
 - This will avoid need to use Java Native Interface intermediary on C++ clients



Conclusions

- Scripted BML WS served well as development tool for NATO MSG-048
 - Enables developing reliable services more rapidly
 - Open source http://netlab.gmu.edu/OpenBML
 - Offered Reference Implementation for SISO C-BML
- Many improvements, inspired by NATO experimentation needs, have made SBML Server more useful and robust
- We look forward to continued improvements supporting NATO MSG-085

